

Graph The following
Quadratic Function

• Axis of Symmetry

AOS:

To find the AOS

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$\left(-\frac{b}{2a}\right) = X_{\text{value of Vertex}}$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 12x + 36$$

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

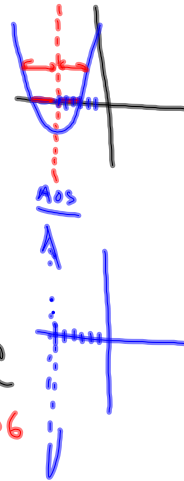
$$1x^2 + 12x + 36$$

$$a = 1$$

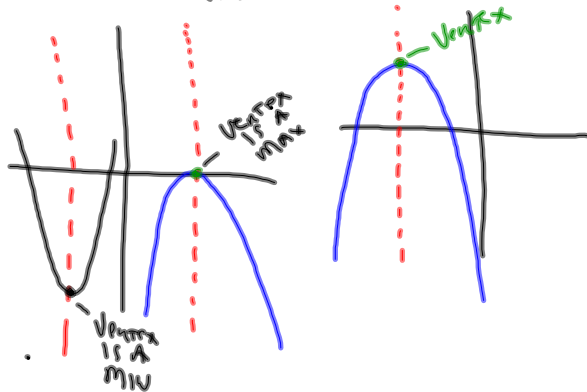
$$b = 12$$

$$c = 36$$

$$\frac{-12}{2(1)} = -6, x = -6$$



Vertex → The max or min of the function



How Do I find The Vertex?

1st find AOS

2nd Substitute the value of the AOS into the 'x' variables of the function then solve for 'y'

$$f(x) = x^2 + 12x + 36$$

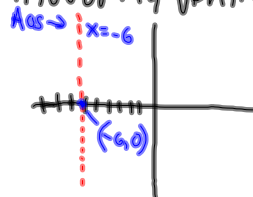
$$\text{AOS} = -6 \text{ (} x = -6 \text{)}$$

$$f(x) = (-6)^2 + 12(-6) + 36$$

$$f(x) = 36 - 72 + 36$$

$$f(x) = 0$$

The location of my vertex is (-6, 0)

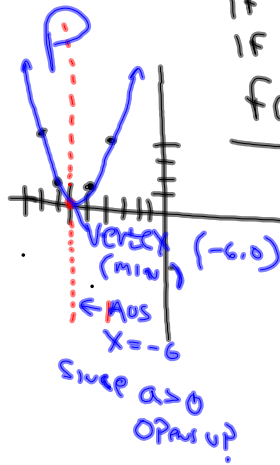


How Do I Tell If The Parabola Opens UP or Down.

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

IF $a > 0$ THEN IT OPENS UP
IF $a < 0$ THEN IT OPENS DOWN

$$f(x) = x^2 + 12x + 36$$



USE A Table of Values To Plot AT least 5 POINTS

x	f(x)
-5	1
-7	1
-4	4

$$f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 3$$

$$AOS = -(-2) / 2a = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

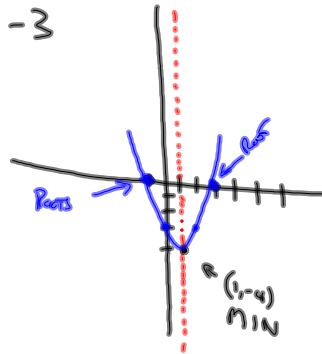
$$x = 1$$

Vertex:

$$f(x) = 1^2 - 2(1) - 3$$

$$1 - 2 - 3$$

$$(1, -4)$$



FINDING THE ROOTS.

(2 ways) 1) find the factors then solve for x

2) use quadratic formula

Factoring.

$$x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$$

factors $\rightarrow (x-3)(x+1)$

roots $\rightarrow x-3 = 0 \rightarrow x=3$
 $x+1 = 0 \rightarrow x=-1$

The places where the function crosses the x axis

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

